Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2020

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Edgemont Union Free School District, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Edgemont Union Free School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 4B in the notes to financial statements, on March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic as a result of the spread of COVID-19 ("Coronavirus"). Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2020 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2020 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2020.

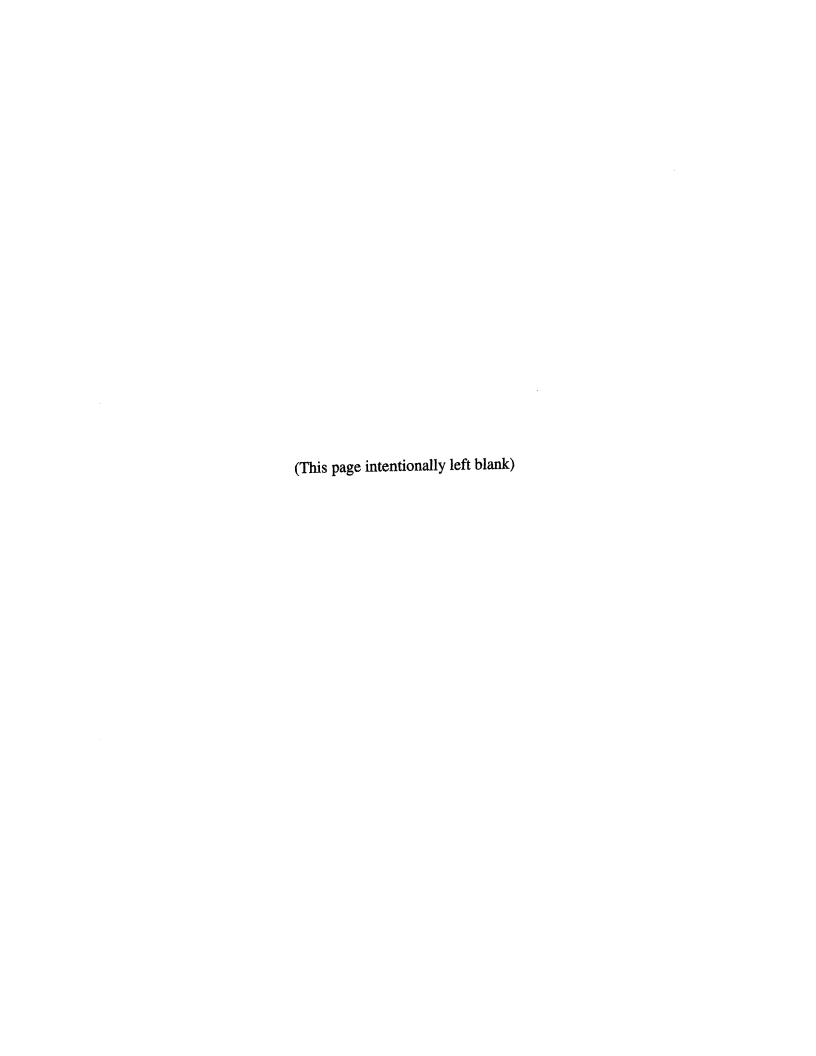
We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2019 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2020 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York October 9, 2020





Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Edgemont Union Free School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Edgemont Union Free School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York October 9, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2020

Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Edgemont Union Free School District, New York ("School District") provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 (fy 2020). To enhance understanding of the School District's financial performance, it should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

The 2019-2020 financial statements reflect the School District's continued commitment to strong financial and operational management. The Board of Education and the administration believe that maintaining a fund balance at the statutory limit and funding reserves when possible contributes to this strong financial position.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- New York State Law limits the amount of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, exclusive
 of encumbrances and amounts assigned for the subsequent year's budget, which can be retained by
 the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, this amount
 for the General Fund was \$3,509,036 (including \$970,000 for potential state aid reductions set aside
 in assigned fund balance) or 5.51% of the 2020-2021 school district budget.
- The School District appropriated \$1,000,000 of the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund as a surplus contribution to reduce property taxes in the 2020-2021 fiscal year. An additional \$1,285,000 of the restricted fund balance for retirement contributions was appropriated toward offsetting the mandated contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") (\$835,000) and the New York State Teacher's Retirement System ("TRS") (\$450,000) in 2020-2021. Accordingly, a total of \$2,285,000 of fund balance was utilized in balancing the School District's 2020-2021 spending plan. Lastly, the Board of Education approved three resolutions that permitted the School District to place \$500,000 of its 2019-2020 budget surplus in its restricted fund balances for tax certiorari obligations, \$800,000 to offset future ERS obligations and \$510,916 to offset future TRS obligations.
- The School District also assigned \$970,000 of fund balance to offset anticipated reductions in state aid resulting from the 2020 coronavirus pandemic.
- The total fund balance (nonspendable, restricted, assigned and unassigned) of the General Fund increased by \$1,690,680 to \$14,146,614. The increase is predominantly attributable to a reduction in expenditures in the instructional program and transportation costs in the 2019-2020 school year due to the coronavirus pandemic.
- As of the end of the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the School District's governmental fund financial statements report a combined ending fund balance of \$16,003,302 an increase of \$1,567,045 from the prior year resulting from increased General Fund balance.
- The fund balance in the Special Purpose Fund was \$448,120. This balance is the result of generous donations from the PTSA, the PTA, Edgemont Recreation, the Edgemont School Foundation, and members of the Edgemont community.

- On the district-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the School District exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of its most recent fiscal year by \$40,881,724 (deficit net position). This is primarily the result of the School District's implementation of the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB")." This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB by establishing standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. This statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. This statement supersedes the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting By Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". The primary distinction between the two standards is that since no mechanism exists under current New York State law for New York municipalities and school districts to pre-fund these obligations in an irrevocable trust, entities must now report their total OPEB liability as opposed to the net OPEB liability that has been reported under the prior standard. For the *year* ending June 30, 2020, the School District's OPEB obligations of \$91,757,397 are reflected as a liability on the district-wide Statement of Net Position and, thus, negatively impacts the total net position calculation. More detailed information about the School District's OPEB obligations reported in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 is presented in note 3D in the notes to the financial statements.
- The district-wide financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 are also significantly impacted by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." This pronouncement established accounting and financial reporting requirements associated with the School District's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the ERS and the TRS. Under this standard, cost-sharing employers are required to report in their district-wide financial statements a net pension liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school districts in the plan. On June 30, 2020, the School District reported in its Statement of Net Position a liability of \$4,060,546 for its proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability and an asset of \$3,976,135 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension asset. More detailed information about the School District's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in note 3D in the notes to financial statements.
- The School District retired \$1,850,000 of previously issued bonded indebtedness and \$226,739 of energy performance contract debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) district-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The *district-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

• The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

- The statement of activities presents information showing how the School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
- The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, interest, other and general administrative support.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

- A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.
- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental
 activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial statements,
 governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources,
 as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information
 may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.
- Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it
 is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented
 for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better
 understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the
 governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and
 changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate a comparison between governmental funds
 and governmental activities.
- The School District maintains six individual governmental funds: General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Special Purpose Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Aid Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.
- The School District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and Debt Service Fund. A budgetary
 comparison statement has been provided within the basic financial statements for the General Fund
 (major fund) to demonstrate compliance with the respective budget.
- The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the district-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These include the required supplementary information for the School District's other postemployment and pension benefit obligations, the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

District-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position. For the Edgemont Union Free School District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$40,881,724 for the year ending June 30, 2020.

Net Position

	June 30,				
	2020 2019				
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$ 24,118,043 \$ 20,878,716 40,638,166 41,107,662				
Total Assets	64,756,209 61,986,378				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	16,075,185 18,955,825				
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	4,199,9073,829,429111,634,685112,197,861				
Total Liabilities	115,834,592 116,027,290				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,878,526 3,931,192				
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	25,370,351 23,661,200				
Capital Projects	692,306 797,143				
Tax Certiorari	4,850,561 4,492,806				
ERS Retirement Contributions	2,641,154 2,469,266				
TRS Retirement Contributions	960,916 450,000				
Special Purposes	448,120 451,925				
Debt Service	537,233 532,476				
Unrestricted	(76,382,365) (71,871,095)				
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (40,881,724)</u> <u>\$ (39,016,279)</u>				

By far the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students, and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Those assets subject to external restrictions listed above constitute \$10,130,290 of net position and are comprised of amounts restricted for specific purposes, i.e., payments of tax certiorari claims, debt service, etc. There is a negative balance of unrestricted net position of \$76,382,365 primarily a result of the recognition of the OPEB liabilities. Overall, net position decreased by \$1,865,445 predominantly from the recording of an increase in the OPEB liability caused by the change in the mandated discount rates and valuation assumption methods. See Note 3D in the notes to financial statements for a more detailed discussion.

Changes in Net Position

	June 30,			
	2020 2019			
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 1,379,356	\$ 1,246,574		
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,555,751	1,773,498		
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,758	54,644		
Total Program Revenues	2,939,865	3,074,716		
General Revenues				
Real Property Taxes	51,942,903	49,460,058		
Other Tax Items	1,795,867	2,515,244		
Non-Property Taxes	556,694	440,221		
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	222,596	265,770		
Unrestricted State Aid	4,205,745	4,396,898		
Miscellaneous	188,751	261,113		
Total General Revenues	58,912,556	57,339,304		
Total Revenues	61,852,421	60,414,020		
PROGRAM EXPENSES				
General Support	8,759,843	8,612,447		
Instruction	52,850,324	49,661,920		
Pupil Transportation	897,971	878,883		
Cost of Food Sales	333,819	441,007		
Other	544,683	688,689		
Interest	331,226	395,564		
Total Expenses	63,717,866	60,678,510		
Change in Net Position	(1,865,445)	(264,490)		
NET POSITION				
Beginning	(39,016,279)	(38,751,789)		
Ending	\$ (40,881,724)	\$ (39,016,279)		

The major changes are as follows:

Revenues:

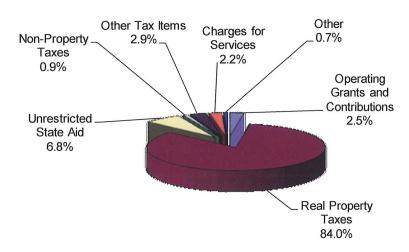
- Charges for Services increased by \$132,782. This was the result of the increase in both the rate for tuition and the number of tuition students enrolled during the 2019-2020 school year.
- Operating Grants and Contributions decreased by \$217,747. Predominantly, this was due to a
 decrease in services requiring parent contributions during the pandemic-related school closure (March
 through June).
- Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by \$49,886 as a result of the final payment from the Smart Schools Bond Act occurring in the previous fiscal year.
- Revenue from real property taxes increased by \$2,482,845 as a result of a higher tax levy to support an increased budget while remaining under the maximum allowable tax-levy limit.
- Other tax items decreased by \$719,377. This amount represents reimbursements received from the School Tax Relief Reimbursement Program ("STAR"). The STAR Program provides tax relief to homeowners through State reimbursement to the School District. This was caused by a new state law that resulted in homeowners earning between \$250,000 and \$500,000 a year, receiving a check for their STAR rebates rather than receiving an upfront savings directly in their school tax bills. Therefore, the 2019-20 STAR payment to the School District was reduced by the aggregate amount of payments NYS made directly to local homeowners.
- Non-property taxes representing sales tax distributions from the County to the School District increased by 26.4% or \$116,473 from the prior year due to an increase in the county sales tax from 3% to 4% starting in August 2019.
- Unrestricted State Aid decreased by 4.4%, or \$191,153, predominantly due to a decrease in BOCES
 Aid from decreased spending and a holdback of 20% on certain aid payments due to the state budget
 crisis as a result of the pandemic.
- Miscellaneous revenues decreased by \$72,362 primarily due to a reduction in student activities, including debate and sixth-grade camp, as well as a reduced refund from prior year's expenses.

Expenses:

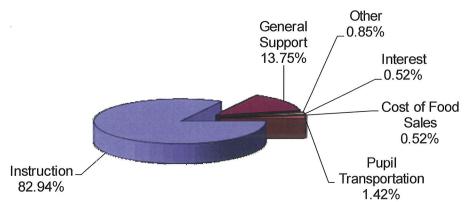
- Instructional program expenses increased by \$3,188,404 from the prior year as a result of contractual salary increases, an increase in staff development opportunities and additional staff and the increase in the long-term OPEB liabilities.
- Cost of food sales decreased by \$107,188 due to the three and half-month school closure as a result
 of the pandemic.
- Although pupil transportation expenses only increased by \$19,088, had the School District been open for a full-year, the expected increase would have been approximately 30% higher. This is primarily due to increased costs for transporting students to private and parochial schools.

As indicated on the following graphs, unrestricted state aid provided only 6.8% of total revenue in 2019-2020. Real property taxes (excluding the STAR program reimbursement) are the School District's main source of revenue (84.0%). Instruction costs account for 82% of the School District's expenses.

Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2020 Governmental Activities



Expenses for Fiscal year 2020 Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Fund Balance Reporting

GASB issued Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" in February 2009. The requirements of Statement No. 54 became effective for financial statements for periods ending June 30, 2011. GASB Statement No. 54 abandoned the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaced them with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

Nonspendable – consists of assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale, and principal of endowments.

Restricted – consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint.

Note: According to the Office of the State Comptroller, school districts in New York will not have committed fund balance to report.

Assigned – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.

Unassigned – represents the residual classification for the government's General Fund, and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

These changes were made to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than availability for appropriations and to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting. According to GASB, this pronouncement should result in an improvement in the usefulness of fund balance information.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$16,003,632 an increase of \$1,567,045 from the prior year. This increase is predominantly the result of decreased expenditures in the 2019-2020 school year due to the pandemic.

Exclusive of the Capital Projects Fund, total fund balance aggregates to \$15,153,246. Of this amount, \$24,700 is in non-spendable form representing prepaid expenditures, while \$9,513,669 is restricted for various purposes (\$4,850,561 for tax certiorari obligations, \$3,602,070 for retirement system obligations (both ERS and TRS), \$512,918 for debt service purposes, \$100,000 for EBALR and \$448,120 for special purposes). Another \$3,075,841 of the total fund balance is assigned to fund purchases on order (\$1,084,562), school lunch fund purposes (\$21,279), anticipated state aid reductions (\$970,000), and (\$1,000,000) for the subsequent year's budget as property tax relief. The remainder of the total fund balance of \$2,539,036 represents the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund and is available for use at the School District's discretion.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School District. Revenues were more than the amount contained in the final budget by \$604,798 primarily the result of better than expected interest earnings, tuition from out-of-district residents, and sales tax. Expenditures and other financing uses were \$2,705,830 less than the final budget. The savings occurred as a result of decreases in the cost of instruction, transportation, and employee benefits due to the school closure as a result of the pandemic.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was an increase of \$257,341. This difference is primarily due to the result of changes in public information and services (anticipated pandemic related materials, supplies, equipment, and communication), amounting to \$279,347.

Capital Assets

On June 30, 2020, the School District had \$40,638,166 net of accumulated depreciation invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, construction-in-progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below.

	June 30,				
Class	2020	2019			
Land Construction-in-Progress Buildings and Improvements	\$ 447,447 4,595,058 35,370,929 224,732	\$ 447,447 3,790,221 36,604,682 265,312			
Machinery and Equipment Total Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 40,638,166	\$ 41,107,662			

The change in capital assets during the current fiscal year is the result of the ongoing costs associated with various district-wide improvement projects.

More detailed information about the School District's capital assets is presented in Note 3B in the notes to financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

On June 30, 2020, the School District had \$111,634,685 in general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

		2020	 2019		
Bonds Payable, net	\$	13,567,693	\$ 15,564,300		
Energy Performance Contract Payable		1,921,194	2,147,933		
Compensated Absences		327,855	320,761		
Net Pension Liability		4,060,546	1,205,474		
Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations		91,757,397	 92,959,393		
Total	\$	111,634,685	\$ 112,197,861		

The School District recorded its net pension liability to ERS and TRS as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. The School District's other postemployment benefit obligation was recorded in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75. This liability will continue to grow as the School District is permitted at this time by New York State only to fund its pay-as-you-go obligations for health insurance.

More detailed information about the School District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3D in the notes to financial statements.

Future Considerations

The Edgemont School District is committed to providing an excellent education in a fiscally responsible way by collaborating with the community. This is accomplished through both strategic and tactical planning.

Over the past several years, the School District has received community support in the annual school budget elections and for a \$12.8 million bond in 2014. During the 2016-2017 school year, the community showed its overwhelming support for the strategic direction of the district by voting to exceed the tax cap with an 85% "yes" vote. Exceeding the tax cap helped us to manage the stability of the tax-rate increases over time. Even during the pandemic of 2020, the community supported the school district with a 73% affirmative vote. As a district, we endeavor to maintain an unassigned fund balance close to or at the statutory limit of 4% to address unanticipated needs or expenditures.

Edgemont faces significant challenges and important decisions. Building on past community support, the district is now poised to prepare a bond referendum. Retirement of debt in 2023 and several other factors combine to present both an opportunity and a challenge as we reflect and consider how Edgemont will continue to grow as a school district during the next 50-80 years. The following four factors represent our primary concerns at this time:

- Edgemont faces an overcrowding problem. Right now, every classroom in the elementary schools is
 utilized for instructional purposes. At the Junior-Senior High School, during five of the nine periods,
 excluding the non-lunch periods, the classrooms are scheduled so tightly that the lack of classroom
 space is beginning to impact the course offerings for students and instructional choices for teachers.
- In some instances, the existing infrastructure does not meet basic safety, access, power and comfort requirements. The A-Building has ongoing issues with moisture, the buildings are not fully ADA-compliant, and all were designed well before current issues surrounding school security arose.
- Our growing understanding of school architecture that better supports a curriculum relevant to 21st century needs, reveals shortcomings in many physical plant resources around Edgemont. The advent of STEAM (Science Technology Engineering Arts Mathematics) is just one example of a curricular innovation that will be difficult to accommodate within our current facilities.

The Board of Education appointed an advisory committee to engage in an Analysis of Construction/Renovation/Expansion (ACRE). The purpose of the ACRE committee was to advise the Board on various considerations regarding whether any building, construction, renovation, or expansion is necessary and/or appropriate to accommodate increasing enrollment and evolving program needs. The ACRE committee confirmed the district needs for additional space and determined that some of this work can be completed with a minimal impact on property taxes. To take advantage of the debt rolling off the timeline in 2023, a bond referendum leading to construction in the 2023-2024 school year is in the early developmental phase.

Throughout the annual budget process, we strive to maintain appropriate fund balance to manage payment options for tax certiorari settlements and to fund an employee retirement restriction to offset the increases in yearly contributions. For the 2019-2020 school year, savings in instructional program and transportation codes due to the pandemic allowed the school district to reflate its certiorari and retirement reserves.

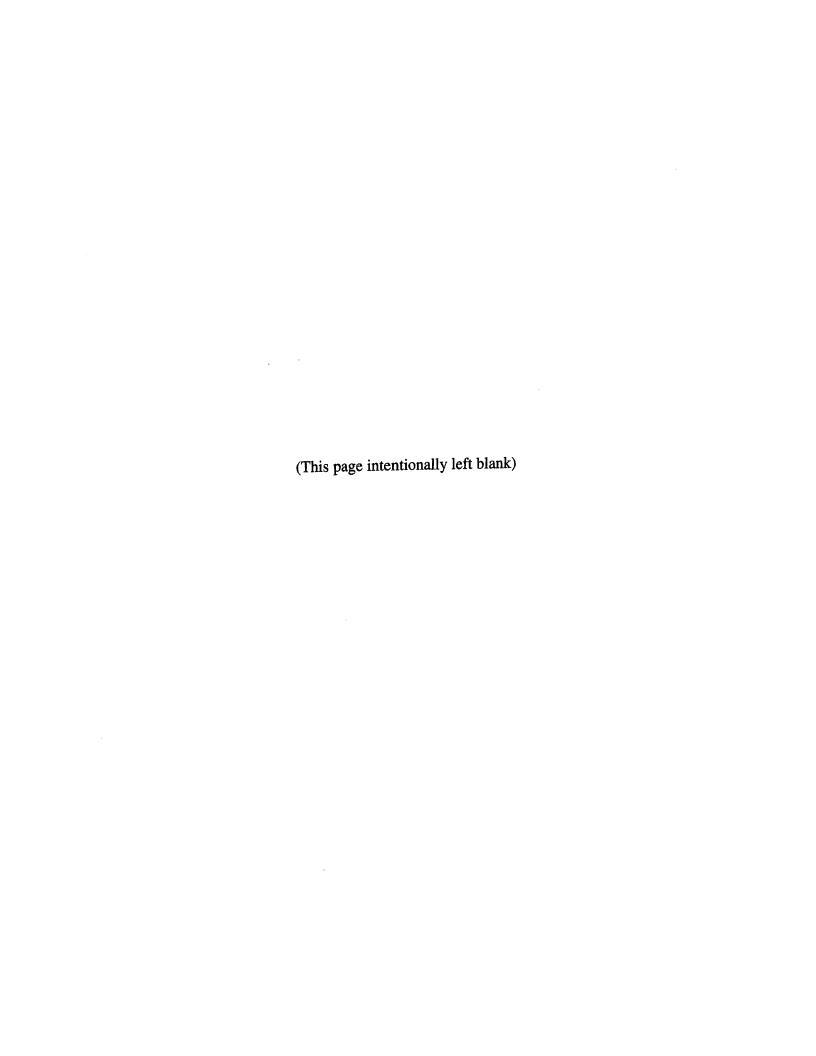
We continue to expand our in-house special education program for non-verbal autistic students and restructured our Teacher Aide support model to better meet the requirement of a "least restrictive environment" with an overall focus on student needs and efficiencies. We increased our attention to safety and security through the inclusion of security monitors on the Edgemont Junior-Senior High School campus and vestibules at the elementary schools to provide a secondary layer of access. Additionally, we have taken on the goal of system-wide social emotional learning as part of our existing curriculum. This is aligned with the state and national attention to emotional resiliency within a culture of high academic standards especially during the pandemic.

The challenge of providing a fiscally responsible budget with costly unfunded state mandates, especially with the additional COVID-19 expenditures, will continue to require effective and efficient management of School District resources. The District Treasurer continues to monitor the fiscal health of the school district through analyses of monthly financial reports and the utilization of various audits in addition to thinking creatively about how to meet the needs of the students more effectively and efficiently. We continue using a web-based system for Board of Education policies and meetings and have moved to live-streamed Board of Education meetings. We will continue to maximize all our most recent system updates such as nVision and My Learning Plan for increased efficiency and effectiveness. The Edgemont Union Free School District is committed to educational excellence, collaboration, and fiscal discipline.

Requests for Information

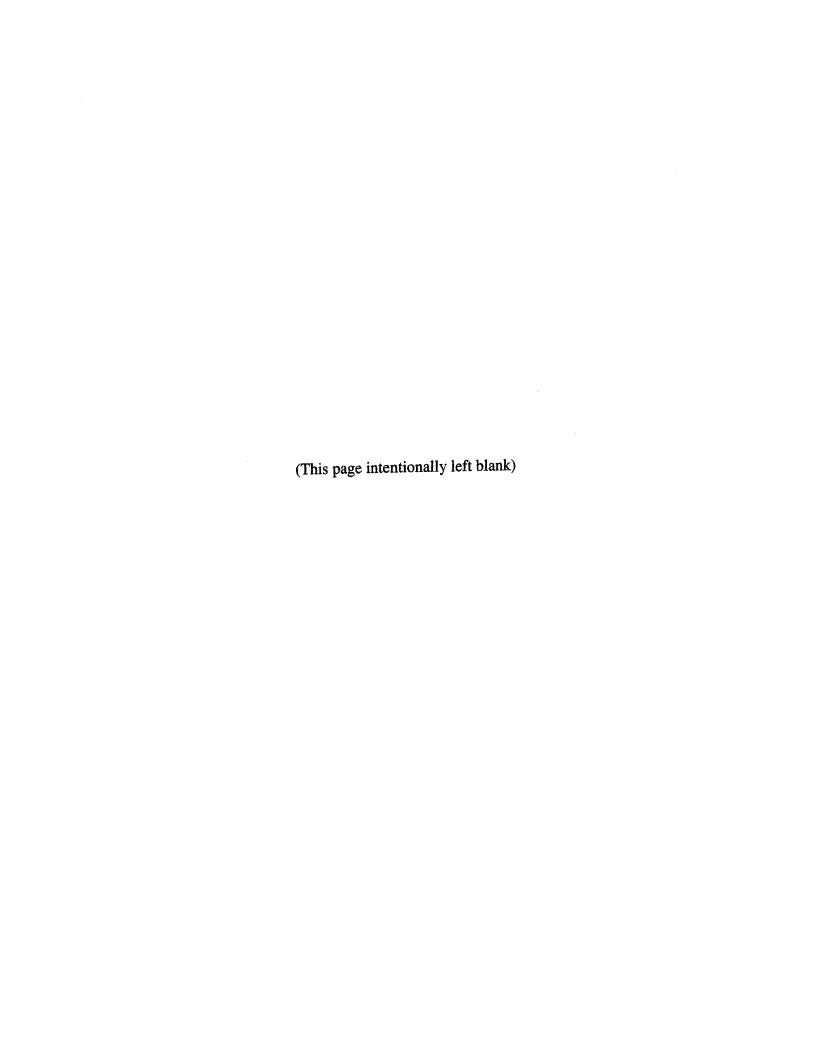
This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Edgemont Union Free School District Attn: Susan F. Shirken Interim Assistant Superintendent 300 White Oak Lane Scarsdale, New York 10583



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

danc 60, 2020	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	Ф 40 FF4 404
Cash and equivalents	\$ 18,554,491
Receivables	8,532
Accounts	1,454,185
State and Federal aid	100,000
Due from other governments Prepaid expenses	24,700
Net pension asset	3,976,135
Capital assets	2,2,2,2
Not being depreciated	5,042,505
Being depreciated, net	35,595,661
Total Assets	64,756,209
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	16,075,185
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	533,513
Accrued liabilities	686,177
Due to other governments	132,286
Unearned revenues	35,137
Due to retirement systems	2,751,493
Accrued interest payable	61,301
Non-current liabilities	0.405.744
Due within one year	2,185,714
Due in more than one year	109,448,971
Total Liabilities	115,834,592_
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,878,526
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	25,370,351
Restricted	
Capital projects	692,306
Tax certiorari	4,850,561
ERS retirement contributions	2,641,154
TRS retirement contributions	960,916 448,120
Special purposes	537,233
Debt service Unrestricted	(76,382,365)
Officatioted	
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (40,881,724)</u>



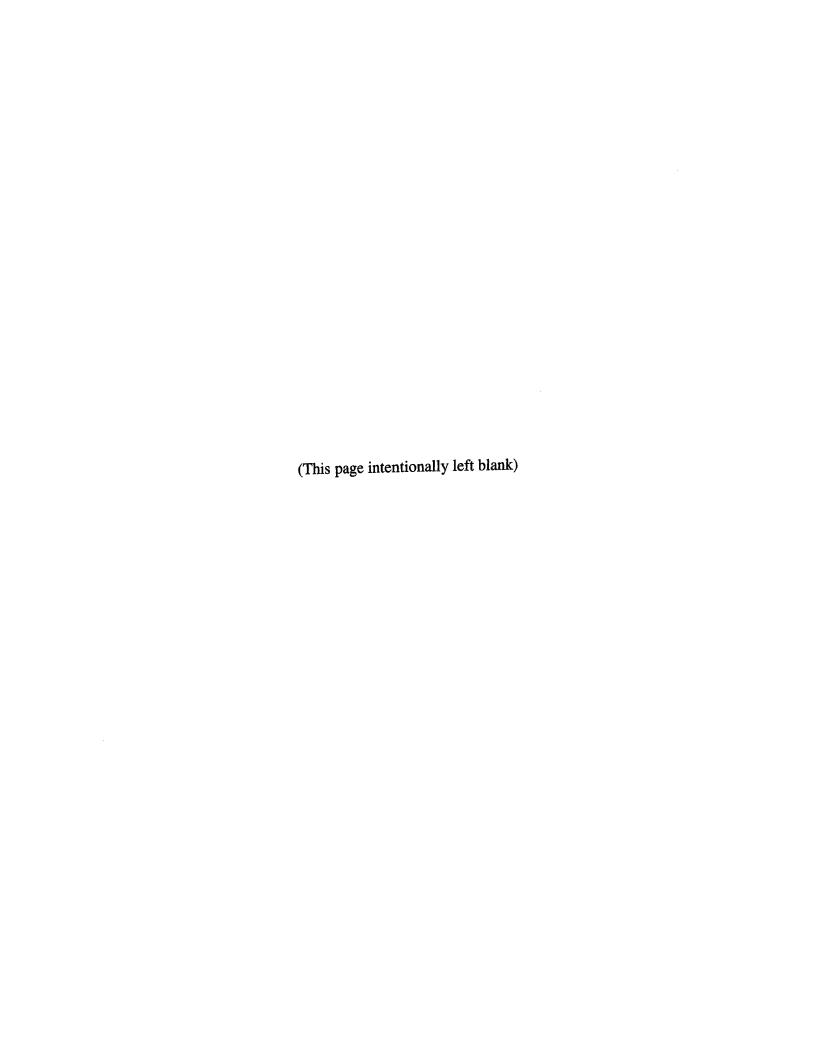
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		P	Net (Expense)			
			Revenue and			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Changes in	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Net Position	
Governmental activities						
General support	\$ 8,759,843	\$ 37,402	\$ 57,139	\$ -	\$ (8,665,302)	
Instruction	52,850,324	1,026,092	955,437	-	(50,868,795)	
Pupil transportation	897,971	-	-	-	(897,971)	
Cost of food sales	333,819	315,862	2,297	-	(15,660)	
Other	544,683	-	540,878	-	(3,805)	
Interest	331,226	-	_	4,758	(326,468)	
Total Governmental						
Activities	63,717,866	1,379,356	1,555,751	4,758	(60,778,001)	
	General revenu					
	Real property	taxes	51,942,903			
	Other tax item	s				
	School tax re	lief reimbursem	nent		1,795,867	
	Non-property	taxes				
	Non-property	tax distribution	from County		556,694	
	Unrestricted u	se of money an	d property		222,596	
	Unrestricted S	tate aid			4,205,745	
	Miscellaneous	i			188,751_	
	Total Genera	al Revenues			58,912,556	
	Change in N	let Position			(1,865,445)	
	Net Position - Beginning (39,0					
	Net Position - E	ndina			\$ (40,881,724)	
	Met i Osition - L	i idii ig			 	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		General		Special Aid		Capital Projects
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	16,181,207	\$	480,444	\$	880,448
Receivables	•	, ,	·	•		
Accounts		8,532 616,324		- 837,861		
State and Federal aid Due from other governments		100,000		-		_
Due from other funds		1,336,404		-		-
Prepaid expenditures		385		-		_
Total Assets	\$	18,242,852	\$	1,318,305	\$	880,448
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	499,033	\$	5,000	\$	28,173
Accrued liabilities		680,289		5,888 1,305,417		2,219
Due to other funds Due to other governments		132,286		1,303,417		2,219
Unearned revenues		33,137		2,000		-
Due to retirement systems		2,751,493		_		-
Total Liabilities		4,096,238		1,318,305		30,392
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		385		-		-
Restricted		8,552,631		-		850,056
Assigned		3,054,562 2,539,036		_		-
Unassigned		2,000,000			_	
Total Fund Balances		14,146,614		-		850,056
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	18,242,852	\$	1,318,305	\$	880,448

Non-Major overnmental	Total Governmental Funds			
\$ 1,012,392	\$	18,554,491		
- - - 47 24,315		8,532 1,454,185 100,000 1,336,451 24,700		
\$ 1,036,754	\$	21,478,359		
\$ 1,307 - 28,815 - -	\$	533,513 686,177 1,336,451 132,286 35,137		
 -		2,751,493		
 30,122		5,475,057		
 24,315 961,038 21,279 		24,700 10,363,725 3,075,841 2,539,036		
 1,006,632		16,003,302		
\$ 1,036,754	\$	21,478,359		



Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the District-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 16,003,302
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 40,638,166
Governmental funds do not report the effect of losses on refunding bonds and assets or liabilities related to net pension and other post employment benefit obligations whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Deferred amounts on refunding bonds	63,322
Deferred amounts on net pension assets (liabilities)	9,712,816
Deferred amounts on other postemployment benefit obligations	420,521
	 10,196,659
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3,976,135
Net pension asset	 3,970,133
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(61,301)
General obligation bonds payable	(13,567,693)
Energy performance contract payable	(1,921,194)
Compensated absences	(327,855)
Net pension liability	(4,060,546)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable	 (91,757,397)
	(111,695,986)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (40,881,724)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	 General		Special Aid	Capital Projects
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Charges for services Use of money and property Interfund revenues State aid Federal aid Food sales Miscellaneous	\$ 51,942,903 1,795,867 556,694 1,026,092 317,137 4,500 4,378,532	\$	- - - - 277,953 461,020 -	\$ - - - - - - -
Total Revenues	 60,254,153		738,973	-
EXPENDITURES Current General support Instruction Pupil transportation Employee benefits Cost of food sales Other Debt service Principal Interest Capital outlay	6,452,936 34,434,515 881,600 13,498,297 - - -		808,456 - - - - - -	 804,837
Total Expenditures	 55,267,348		808,456	804,837
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 4,986,805	,	(69,483)	 (804,837)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	 (3,296,125)		69,483 <u>-</u>	 700,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (3,296,125)		69,483	 700,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,690,680		-	(104,837)
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	 12,455,934		_	 954,893
End of Year	\$ 14,146,614	\$		\$ 850,056

Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - - 5,921 - 2,099 315,862 539,913	\$ 51,942,903 1,795,867 556,694 1,026,092 323,058 4,500 4,656,485 463,119 315,862 772,341
863,795	61,856,921
337,909 544,683 2,076,739 449,904	6,452,936 35,242,971 881,600 13,498,297 337,909 544,683 2,076,739 449,904 804,837
3,409,235	60,289,876
(2,545,440)	1,567,045 3,296,125 (3,296,125)
2,526,642	-
(18,798)	1,567,045
1,025,430	14,436,257
\$ 1,006,632	\$ 16,003,302

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,567,045
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	806,275
Depreciation expense	(1,275,771)
	 (469,496)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmen funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Principal paid on general obligation bonds	1,850,000
Principal paid on energy performance contract	226,739
Amortization of premium and loss on refunding bonds	 101,908
	2,178,647
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	(7,094)
Pension obligations	(3,220,551)
Other post employment benefit obligations	(1,930,766)
Accrued interest	 16,770
	 (5,141,641)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,865,445)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	œ	E4 042 002	\$	E1 042 002	\$	51,942,903	\$	_
Real property taxes	\$	51,942,903 1,795,867	Ф	51,942,903 1,795,867	φ	1,795,867	Ψ	_
Other tax items		390,000		390,000		556,694		166,694
Non-property taxes		590,000 591,688		591,688		1,026,092		434,404
Charges for services Use of money and property		138,500		138,500		317,137		178,637
Interfund revenues		4,500		4,500		4,500		-
State aid		4,531,130		4,531,130		4,378,532		(152,598)
Miscellaneous		190,333		254,767		232,428		(22,339)
Total Revenues		59,584,921		59,649,355		60,254,153		604,798
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General support		7,756,374		8,069,141		6,452,936		1,616,205
Instruction		35,844,002		35,833,576		34,434,515		1,399,061
Pupil transportation		1,048,302		1,079,402		881,600		197,802
Employee benefits		14,166,203		14,075,103		13,498,297		576,806
Total Expenditures		58,814,881		59,057,222		55,267,348		3,789,874
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		770,040		592,133		4,986,805		4,394,672
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out		(3,281,643)		(3,296,643)		(3,296,125)		518
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,511,603)		(2,704,510)		1,690,680		4,395,190
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		2,511,603		2,704,510	<u>,</u>	12,455,934		9,751,424
End of Year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	14,146,614	\$	14,146,614

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2020

	Agency
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	<u>\$ 61,607</u>
LIABILITIES Student activity funds	<u>\$ 61,607</u>

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Edgemont Union Free School District, New York ("School District"), as presently constituted, was established in 1912 and operates in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law of the State of New York. The Board of Education is the legislative body responsible for overall operation of the School District and is elected by the voters of the School District. The Superintendent serves as the chief executive officer. The School District's primary function is to provide education for its pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the School District's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the School District, b) organizations for which the School District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the School District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

The School District participates in the Southern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"), a jointly governed entity. BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support services. BOCES' governing board is elected based on the vote of members of the participating district's governing boards. BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. BOCES charges the districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by resident public school enrollment as defined in Education Law. Copies of BOCES' financial statement can be requested from Southern Westchester BOCES, 17 Berkley Drive, Rye Brook, New York 10573.

B. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The School District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the district-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the district-wide presentation. The School District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the School District's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue fund of the School District is the Special Aid Fund. The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special projects or programs supported in whole or in part with Federal or State funds. The major revenues of this fund are Federal and State aid.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The following represents the School District's non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

School Lunch Fund - The School Lunch Fund is used to record the operations of the breakfast and lunch programs of the School District.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the School District in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest, and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

b. <u>Fiduciary Fund</u> (Not Included in District-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Among the activities included in the Agency Fund are the student activity funds. The Agency Fund is also utilized to account for payroll tax withholdings that are payable to other jurisdictions.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made. A ninety day availability period

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liabilities and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The School District's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The School District has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The School District is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The School District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

The School District utilizes a pooled investment concept for all governmental funds to facilitate its investment program. Investment income from this pooling is allocated to the respective funds based upon the sources of funds invested.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The School District follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The School District does not have a

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the School District does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the School District's name. The School District's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2020.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The School District does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The School District's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Property Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of July 1st and are levied and payable in two installments, September and January. The Town of Greenburgh, New York ("Town") is responsible for the billing and collection of the taxes. The Town guarantees the full payment of the School District warrant and assumes responsibility for uncollected taxes.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the School District. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2020, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of certain debt service costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Inventories - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the School District. Purchases of inventoriable items are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances are not material.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the School District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

	Life
Class	<u>in Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Machinery and Equipment	10-20

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In the district-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The School District has reported unearned revenues of \$33,137 for amounts received in advance in the General Fund and \$2,000 for grants received in advance in the Special Aid Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been reported on the district-wide Statement of Net Position for the following:

	0	Deferred Outflows f Resources	_of	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System New York State Teachers' Retirement System Other postemployment benefit obligation Deferred loss on refunding bonds	\$	3,028,607 12,562,735 420,521 63,322	\$	158,816 5,719,710 - -		
	\$	16,075,185	\$	5,878,526		

The amount reported for the deferred loss on refunding bonds results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to the School District's pension and other postemployment benefit obligations are detailed in Note 3D.

Long-term Liabilities - In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the district-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities, as appropriate. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The net pension liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, tax certiorari, ERS retirement contributions, TRS retirement contributions, special purposes and debt service. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law or the Education Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority for the School District that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Board of Education removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Education.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Board of Education for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or by delegated authority to the Assistant Superintendent for Business for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the School District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the School District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, particularly given the significant social and economic disruptions and uncertainties associated with the ongoing COVID-19 ("Coronavirus") pandemic and the mitigation responses, and such differences may be material. (See Note 4B).

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is October 9, 2020.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The School District generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

a) At least seven days prior to the budget hearing, a copy of the budget is made available to the voters.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- b) At the budget hearing, the voters may raise questions concerning the items contained in the budget.
- c) The Board of Education establishes a date for the annual meeting, which by law will be held on the third Tuesday in May.
- d) The voters are permitted to vote upon the General Fund budget at the annual meeting.
- e) If the original proposed budget is not approved by the voters, the Board of Education has the option of either resubmitting the original or revising the budget for voter approval at a special meeting held at a later date; or the Board of Education may, at that point, adopt a contingency budget. If the Board of Education decides to submit either the original or a revised budget to the voters for a second time, and the voters do not approve the second budget submittal, the Board of Education must adopt a contingency budget and the tax levy cannot exceed the total tax levy of the prior year (0% levy growth). In addition, the administrative component of the contingency budget shall not comprise a greater percentage of the contingency budget exclusive of the capital component than the lesser of either 1) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the prior year budget exclusive of the capital component; or 2) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the last proposed defeated budget exclusive of the capital component.
- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General and Debt Service funds.
- g) Budgets for General and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. The Board of Education does not adopt an annual budget for the Special Aid, School Lunch or Special Purpose funds.
- h) The Board of Education has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Education. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- i) Appropriations in General and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education.

B. Limitation on Fund Balance

The School District is limited to the amount of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, with certain exceptions, that can be retained. New York State law limits this amount of fund balance to 4% of the ensuing year's budget. The School District is currently in excess of this limit.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

C. Property Tax Limitation

Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011, as amended ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"), modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes that a school district may levy. Prior to its enactment, there was no statutory limitation on the amount of real property taxes that a school district could levy if its budget had been approved by a simple majority of its voters. In the event the budget had been defeated by the voters, the school district was required to adopt a contingency budget. Under a contingency budget, school budget increases were limited to the lesser of 4% of the prior year's budget or 120% of the consumer price index ("CPI").

Under the Tax Levy Limitation Law, there is now a limitation on the amount of tax levy growth from one fiscal year to the next. Such limitation is the lesser of (i) 2% or (ii) the annual percentage increase in the CPI subject to certain exclusions. A budget with a tax levy that does not exceed such limit will require approval by at least 50% of the voters. Approval by at least 60% of the voters will be required for a budget with a tax levy in excess of the limit. In the event the voters reject the budget, the tax levy for the school district's budget for the ensuing fiscal year may not exceed the amount of the tax levy for the prior fiscal year. School districts will be permitted to carry forward a certain portion of their unused tax levy limitation from a prior year.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits certain significant exclusions to the tax levy limit for school districts. These include taxes to pay the local share of debt service on bonds or notes issued to finance voter approved capital expenditures and the refinancing or refunding of such bonds or notes, certain pension cost increases, and other items enumerated in the Tax Levy Limitation Law. However, such exclusion does not apply to taxes to pay debt service on tax anticipation notes, revenue anticipation notes, budget notes and deficiency notes; and any obligations issued to finance deficits and certain judgments, including tax certiorari refund payments.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Due From/To Other Funds

The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Fund	 Due From	 Due To
General Special Aid Capital Projects Non-Major Governmental	\$ 1,336,404 - - - 47	\$ 1,305,417 2,219 28,815
	\$ 1,336,451	\$ 1,336,451

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the School District's capital assets are as follows:

Class	Balance July 1, 2019			July 1,			Balance June 30, 2020		
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$	447,447 3,790,221	\$	- 804,837	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	447,447 4,595,058	
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	4,237,668	\$	804,837	\$	_	\$	5,042,505	
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$	56,005,566 887,539	\$	- 1,438	\$	-	\$	56,005,566 888,977	
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		56,893,105		1,438		_		56,894,543	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	<u> </u>	19,400,884 622,227	_	1,233,753 42,018		-		20,634,637 664,245	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		20,023,111		1,275,771		-		21,298,882	
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, net	<u>\$</u>	36,869,994	<u>\$</u>	(1,274,333)	\$	-	\$	35,595,661	
Capital Assets, net	\$	41,107,662	\$	(469,496)	\$	-	\$	40,638,166	

Depreciation expense was charged to School District functions and programs as follows:

General Support	\$ 3	3,057
Instruction	1,23	3,753
Pupil Transportation		8,551
Cost of Sales		410
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 1,27</u>	<u>5,771</u>

C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Fı			
	 Cananal	Total		
	 <u>General</u>	 Aid		TOtal
Payroll and Employee Benefits	\$ 680,289	\$ 5,888	\$	686,177

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance July 1, 2019	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One-Year
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Capital Construction Plus - Unamortized	\$ 15,210,000	\$ -	\$ 1,850,000	\$ 13,360,000	\$ 1,910,000
Premium on Bonds	354,300	_	146,607	207,693	
	15,564,300		1,996,607	13,567,693	1,910,000
Energy Performance Contract Payable	2,147,933		226,739	1,921,194	242,714
Other Non-current Liabilities: Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations	320,761 1,205,474 92,959,393	39,094 2,855,072 548,764	32,000 - 1,750,760	327,855 4,060,546 91,757,397	33,000
Total Other Non-current Liabilities	94,485,628	3,442,930	1,782,760	96,145,798	33,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 112,197,861	\$ 3,442,930	\$ 4,006,106	\$ 111,634,685	\$ 2,185,714

Each governmental fund's liability for compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefit obligations is liquidated by the respective fund. The School District's indebtedness for general obligation bonds and energy performance contract debt is satisfied by the Debt Service Fund, which is primarily funded by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds Payable

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2020 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding at June 30, 2020
Refunding Bonds District-wide Improvements District-wide Improvements	2012 2016 2017	\$ 9,400,000 10,000,000 2,800,000	August, 2022 December, 2030 June, 2031	4.0 % 2.0 - 3.0 2.0	\$ 3,470,000 7,785,000 2,105,000
					\$ 13,360,000

Interest expenditures of \$391,813 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$273,135 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Energy Performance Contract Payable

The School District, in December 2011, entered into a \$3,408,453 contractual agreement to install energy savings equipment and/or to upgrade existing facilities to enhance performance. The agreement provides for remaining annual payments ranging from \$294,160 to \$326,395 payable in monthly installments, including interest at 2.84%, through March 2027. The contract further provides that the savings in energy costs resulting from this modernization will equal or exceed the payment terms. Interest expenditures/expenses of \$58,091 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund and in the district-wide financial statements. The balance due at June 30, 2020 was \$1,921,194.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding bonded and energy performance contract debt as of June 30, 2020 including interest payments of \$1,785,210 are as follows:

Year Ending		General O Bor	_						Total				
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2021	\$	1.910.000	\$	332,263	\$	242,714	\$	51,445	\$	2,152,714	\$	383,708	
2022	*	1,980,000	•	270.563	•	259,426		44,336		2,239,426		314,899	
2023		2,015,000		207,113		276,923		36,743		2,291,923		243,856	
2024		855.000		166,613		295,224		28,642		1,150,224		195,255	
2025		875,000		149,312		306,365		20,030		1,181,365		169,342	
2026-2030		4,710,000		447,569		540,542		14,306		5,250,542		461,875	
2031		1,015,000		16,275		_		-		1,015,000		16,275	
	\$	13,360,000	\$	1,589,708	\$	1,921,194	\$	195,502	\$	15,281,194	\$	1,785,210	

The above general obligation bonds and energy performance contract debt are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the School District.

Compensated Absences

Pursuant to collective bargaining agreements, certain employees may accumulate sick leave. Clerical and custodial employees, upon separation of service or retirement, will be compensated for accumulated sick leave, based upon the terms of their respective agreement. Vacation time must be taken in the year subsequent to the year earned. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the district-wide financial statements.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System and Teachers' Retirement System

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about_us/financial_statements_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The School District also participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The TRS is governed by a ten member Board of Trustees, which sets policy and oversees operations consistent with its fiduciary obligations under applicable law. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the Education Law of the State of New York. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The TRS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be found at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

ERS and TRS are noncontributory for employees who joined the systems before July 27, 1976. Employees who joined the systems after July 27, 1976 and before January 1, 2010 contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership. Employees who joined the systems after January 1, 2010 generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the ERS's fiscal year ending March 31. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law of the State of New York, actuarially determined employer contributions are established annually for the TRS by its Board of Trustees. The employer contribution rates for the plans' year ending in 2020 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	2 75I 3 A15 4 A15 5 A15	18.5 % 15.7 15.7 13.1
	6 A15	9.2
TRS	1-6	8.86 %

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for ERS and TRS:

		ERS	TRS				
Measurement date	Ma	arch 31, 2020	Ju	ıne 30, 2019			
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,060,546	\$	(3,976,135)			
School Districts' proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0153341 %		0.153046 %			
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date		(0.0016796) %		0.004224 %			

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) were determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability for ERS was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. The School District's proportion of the net pension asset for TRS was based on the School District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating members.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense in the district-wide financial statements of \$6,360,928 (\$1,532,912 for ERS and \$4,828,016 or TRS). Pension expenditures of \$830,663 for ERS and \$2,309,714 for TRS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the General Fund.

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		E	RS		TRS				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		of	Deferred Inflows Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	238,980 81,760	\$	70,599	\$	2,694,525 7,511,451	\$	295,673 1,831,504	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions School District contributions subsequent to		2,081,633		-		-		3,188,655	
		404,340		88,217		22,282		403,878	
the measurement date		221,894				2,334,477			
	\$	3,028,607	\$	158,816	\$	12,562,735	\$	5,719,710	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Total				
Deferred			Deferred	
	Outflows		Inflows	
0	f Resources	0	f Resources	
\$	2,933,505	\$	295,673	
	7,593,211		1,902,103	
	2,081,633		3,188,655	
	426,622		492,095	
	2,556,371		-	
\$	15,591,342	\$	5,878,526	
		Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 2,933,505 7,593,211 2,081,633 426,622 2,556,371	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 2,933,505 7,593,211 2,081,633 426,622 2,556,371	

\$221,894 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS resulting from the School District's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan's year ended March 31, 2021. The \$2,334,477 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to TRS will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the plan's year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and TRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	N	March 31,		June 30,
Year Ended		ERS		TRS
2020	\$	-	\$	1,719,903
2021		520,222		35,185
2022		684,594		1,713,383
2023		814,241		1,127,218
2024		628,840		91,629
Thereafter		· <u>-</u>		(178,770)

The total pension liability for the ERS and TRS measurement dates were determined by using actuarial valuation dates as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to those measurement dates. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Investment rate of return	6.8% *	7.1%
Salary scale	4.2%	1.90%-4.72%
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.2%
Cost of living adjustments	1.3%	1.3%

^{*}Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on the ERS's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the ERS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015. The actuarial assumptions used in the TRS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice ("ASOP") No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation is summarized in the following table:

	ER:		TRS June 30, 2019			
	March 3	March 31, 2020 Long-Term Expected		Long-Term Expected		
	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate		
Asset Type	Allocation	of Return_	Allocation	of Return		
Domestic Equity	36 %	4.05 %	33 %	6.3 %		
International Equity	14	6.15	16	7.8		
Private Equity	10	6.75	8	9.9		
Real Estate	10	4.95	11	4.6		
Domestic Fixed Income Securities	-	-	16	1.3		
Global Fixed Income Securities	-	-	2	0.9		
High Yield Fixed Income Securities	_	-	1	3.6		
Global Equities	-	-	4	7.2		
Private Debt	-	-	1	6.5		
Real Estate Debt	-	-	7	2.9		
Absolute Return Strategies	2	3.25	-	-		
Opportunistic Portfolio	3	4.65	-	-		
Real Assets	3	5.95	-	-		
Bonds and Mortgages	17	0.75	-	-		
Cash	1	-	1	0.3		
Inflation Indexed Bonds	4_	0.50		-		
	100 %		100_%			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.2% for TRS.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.8% for ERS and 6.1% for TRS) or 1 percentage point higher (7.8% for ERS and 8.1% for TRS) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (5.8%)	Current Assumption (6.8%)	 1% Increase (7.8%)
School District's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability	\$ 7,452,249	\$ 4,060,546	\$ 936,774
	1% Decrease (6.1%)	Current Assumption (7.1%)	 1% Increase (8.1%)
School District's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 17,947,858	\$ (3,976,135)	\$ (22,367,891)

The components of the collective net pension liability (asset) as of the March 31, 2020 ERS measurement date and the June 30, 2019 TRS measurement date were as follows:

	ERS			TRS		
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	194,596,261,000 168,115,682,000	\$	119,879,473,822 122,477,480,654		
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$	26,480,579,000	\$	(2,598,006,832)		
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		86.39%		102.17%		

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of ERS's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Employer and employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to TRS in the following fiscal year through a state aid intercept or, if state aid is insufficient, through a payment by the School District to TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate plus employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to TRS.

Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 were \$221,894 to ERS and \$2,529,599 to TRS (including employee contributions of \$195,122).

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The School District can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the School District will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the School District may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post employment health care benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

167
_
265
432

The School District's total OPEB liability of \$91,757,397 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases 3.0%, average, including inflation

Discount rate 2.6%

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.0% for 2021, decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate

rate of 4.5% for 2026 and later years

Retirees' share of benefit-related Varies from 0% to 17%, depending on applicable

costs retirement year and bargaining unit

The discount rate was based on an average of three 20-year bond indices (e.g., Bond Buyer-20 Bond GO, S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Fidelity GA AA 20 Years) as of March 31, 2020.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Male and Female Tables for both pre and post retirement, projected with mortality improvements using Projection Scale AA for 5.5 years, (i.e., from date of table to the valuation date), plus fifteen years additional mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the most recent decrement tables for turnover, disability and retirement for ERS and TRS. ERS and TRS tables were based on a version released in 2015.

The School District's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year Service cost	\$ 92,959,393 1,275,847 2,315,088
Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(3,042,171) (1,750,760)
Benefit payments Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 91,757,397

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.6%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.6%) than the current discount rate:

	 1% Decrease (1.6%)	Current Assumption (2.6%)		1% Increase (3.6%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 117,275,510	\$	91,757,397	\$ 73,823,952	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

are 1 percentage point lower (6.0% decreasing to 3.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5% decreasing to 5.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Healthcare Cost Trend	1%	
	Decrease (6.0% decreasing to 3.5%)	Rates (7.0% decreasing to 4.5%)	Increase (8.0% decreasing to 5.5%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 73,437,019	\$ 91,757,397	\$ 116,950,437	

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,681,526 in the district-wide financial statements. At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	Inf	erred lows sources
Changes in assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	420,521 -	\$	-
	\$	420,521	\$	-

Amount reports as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ 90,592
2022	90,592
2023	90,592
2024	90,592
2025	90,592
Thereafter	(32,439)

E. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without equivalent flows of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reported as transfers.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

-	Special	 A :: I			
Transfers Out	Aid	Capital Projects		Non-Major overnmental	Total
General	\$ 69,483	\$ 700,000		2,526,642	\$ 3,296,125

Transfers are used to 1) move funds from the operating funds to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due and 2) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Special Aid and Capital Projects funds expenditures.

F. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, less unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Tax Certiorari - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with the Education Law of the State of New York to provide funding for court ordered tax refunds which are currently in process.

Restricted for ERS Retirement Contributions - the component of net position that reports the amounts set aside to be used for ERS retirement costs in accordance with Section 6-r of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for TRS Retirement Contributions - the component of net position that reports the amounts set aside to be used for TRS retirement costs in accordance with Section 6-r of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Fund Balances

	Total	628,793	4,492,806 100,000 1,841,154	628,112 450,000	508,933 954,893 451,925	9,427,823	657,832	718,491	1,165,000	1,924,520	2,455,121	14,436,257
		ø										₩
	Non-Major Governmental	\$ 23,543	1 1 1	1 1	508,933 - 451,925	960,858	1 1 1	1	41,029	41,029	•	\$ 1,025,430
2019	Capital Projects Fund	69	1 1 1	1 1	954,893	954,893	1 1 1	1	1 1 1	,	1	\$ 954,893
	General Fund	\$ 605,250	4,492,806 100,000 1,841,154	628,112 450,000	1 1 1 1	7,512,072	657,832	718,491	1,165,000	1,883,491	2,455,121	\$ 12,455,934
	Total	\$ 24,700	4,850,561 100,000 1,806,154	835,000 510,916	450,000 512,918 850,056 448,120	10,363,725	972,087 107,632 4,843	1,084,562	1,000,000 970,000 21,279	3,075,841	2,539,036	\$ 16,003,302
0	Non-Major Governmental	\$ 24,315	1 1 1	1 1	512,918	961,038	1 1 1	•	21,279	21,279		\$ 1,006,632
2020	Capital Projects Fund	ر ب			850,056	850,056	1 1 1	,	1 1 1	-	1	\$ 850,056
	General Fund	385	4,850,561 100,000 1,806,154	835,000 510,916	450,000	8,552,631	972,087 107,632 4,843	1,084,562	000,000,1	3,054,562	2,539,036	\$ 14,146,614
	ı I	Nonspendable - Prepaid expenditures	Restricted: Tax certioran Employee benefit accrued liability ERS retirement contributions	ERS retirement contributions - for subsequent year's expenditures TRS retirement contributions	IKS retrement contributions - for subsequent year's expenditures Debt service Capital projects Special purposes	Total Restricted	Assigned: Purchases on order: General government support Instruction Transportation		Subsequent year's expenditures from - General Fund State aid reduction School Lunch Fund	Total Assigned	Unassigned	Total Fund Balances

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability - the component of fund balance that has been restricted pursuant to Section 6-p of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York to provide funds for the payment of unused sick time and other forms of payment for accrued leave time granted upon termination or separation from service

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the School District's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at June 30, 2020, the Board of Education has utilized the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Assigned for state aid reduction represents that the Board of Education intends to use these funds if unbudgeted reductions in state aid occur in the subsequent fiscal year due to the ongoing fiscal impact of the Coronavirus pandemic (Note 4B).

Assigned for School Lunch Fund represents the component of fund balance that reports the difference between assets and liabilities in the School Lunch Fund.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the School District if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

B. Contingencies

The School District participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District is subject to audits of State aid by the New York State Education Department. The amount of aid previously paid to the School District which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

Coronavirus

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic as a result of the spread of Coronavirus. This was followed by the President of the United States declaring the outbreak of Coronavirus a national emergency on March 13, 2020.

Preceding these announcements, the Governor of the State of New York declared a state of emergency on March 7, 2020 and has since issued multiple Executive Orders regarding the pandemic. Furthermore, the Enacted 2020-21 New York State budget granted the Budget Director the authority to reduce state aid payments to local governments and school districts by any amount needed to achieve a balanced budget. The Budget Director is authorized, under Section 1(f) of Chapter 53 of the Laws of 2020, to withhold all or some of specific local aid payments during state fiscal year 2020-21, that began on April 1, 2020, if the budget is deemed unbalanced and if the Budget Director further determines that such withholding is necessary to respond to the direct and indirect economic financial and social effects of the Coronavirus pandemic ("Reduction Authority").

The ultimate size of any permanent reductions would depend in part on the availability of unrestricted Federal aid. The Federal government has not reached a consensus on additional recovery legislation at this time. Therefore, in the interim, without assurance of Federal aid, New York State has begun withholding a minimum of 20% of most municipal and school district aid payments to achieve the cash flow savings anticipated in the Executive Budget Financial Plan as updated for the Governor's amendments and forecast revisions pursuant to the Reduction Authority. Such measures have already impacted the state aid revenues reported by the School District for the year ended June 30, 2020.

In addition to these New York State actions, the School District's economically sensitive revenues (i.e., sales tax distributions, interest earnings, charges for services) are being negatively impacted. Meanwhile, the School District's expenditures on health and safety measures (personal protective equipment, sanitizing supplies, custodial overtime, technology acquisitions to support remote work and remote learning, additional bus runs to lower capacity) will increase significantly.

The outbreak of the Coronavirus and the dramatic steps taken by the Federal government and New York State to address it will continue to negatively affect New York State and its local economies. The full impact of the Coronavirus on New York State's operations and financial condition is not expected to be known for some time. Similarly, the degree of the impact on the School District's future operations and finances as a result of the Coronavirus is extremely difficult to predict due to uncertainties relating to its duration and severity, as well as with regard to what actions may be taken by governmental and other health care authorities, including New York State, to contain or mitigate its effects. The spread of the outbreak or reemergence later in the year could have a material adverse financial effect on New York State and local municipalities, including the School District. The School District is continuously monitoring the situation and will take such proactive measures as may be required to maintain operations and meet its obligations. Given this level of uncertainty, management cannot reasonably estimate the actual impact on the School District's future financial position at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) June 30, 2020

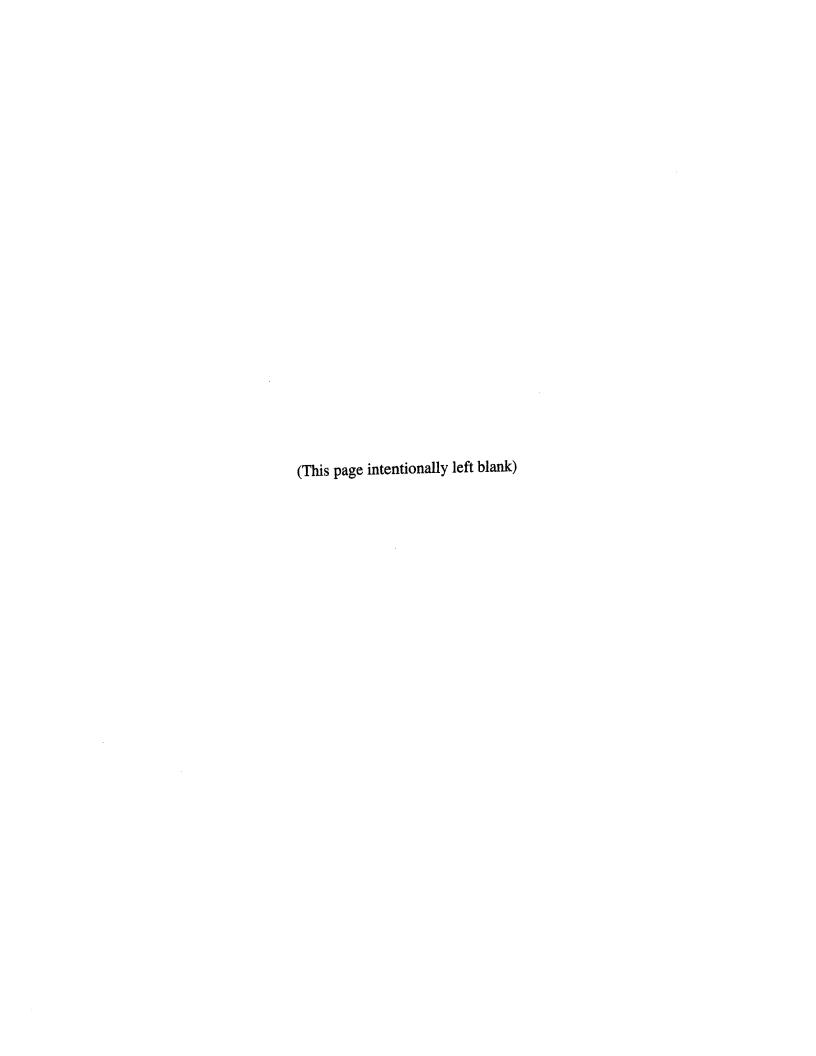
Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

C. Risk Management

The School District purchases various insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The School District maintains general liability insurance and liability coverage for school board members with policy limits of \$1 million per occurrence and \$3 million in the aggregate. The School District also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage of \$15 million. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The School District and neighboring school districts in Southern Westchester County, participate in the Southern Westchester Schools Cooperative Self-Insurance Plan for Workers' Compensation. The purpose of the Plan is to provide efficient and economical evaluation, processing, administration, defense and payment of claims against plan members for workers' compensation and to provide for risk management to reduce future liability for workers' compensation and employers' liability payments. The Plan is managed and governed by a Board of Trustees comprised of a representative from each district. Billings are based upon participants' experience rating. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

The School District and neighboring school districts in Southern Westchester County participate in the State-Wide Schools Cooperative Health Plan. This Plan operates under an agreement, as amended, dated December 12, 1985. The purposes of the Plan are to effect cost savings in members' expenses for health coverage; to provide for centralized administration, funding and disbursements for health coverage; and to provide for such risk management services as may be appropriate to reduce future expense and liability for health coverage. The governance of the Plan shall be in all respects in the hands of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees shall consist of seven trustees elected by the general membership of the Plan. No action may be taken by the Board of Trustees except by a vote of a majority of the total number of trustees. Billings to participants are based upon coverage provided to each participants' employees. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan. Payments made during 2019-2020 to the health plan by the School District aggregated \$7,368,690.



Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(2)

	2020	2019	 2018
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	\$ 1,275,847 2,315,088 - (3,042,171) (4) (1,750,760)	\$ 1,500,787 3,121,746 - - 3,948,093 (1,711,779)	\$ 1,401,520 3,051,391 - - - (1,644,794)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(1,201,996)	6,858,847	2,808,117
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	 92,959,393	 86,100,546	 83,292,429 (3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 91,757,397	\$ 92,959,393	\$ 86,100,546
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 29,367,623	\$ 27,779,455	\$ 27,779,455
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	 312.44%	 334.63%	 309.94%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

⁽²⁾ No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related

⁽³⁾ Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

⁽⁴⁾ The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability was decreased from 3.5% to 2.6% effective with the June 30, 2020 measurement date.

New York State Teachers' Retirement System Required Supplementary Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Schedule of the S	chool	District's Prop	ortionate Share of	the Net Pension I	Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)		
		2020 (5)	2019	2018 (4)	2017 (3)	2016	2015
school District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.153046%	0.148822%	0.148091%	0.146981%	0.145276%	0.146638%
school District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	ь	(3,976,135)	\$ (2,691,101)	\$ (1,125,640)	\$ 1,574,226	\$ (15,089,534)	\$ (16,334,540)
School District's covered payroll School District's proportionate share of the	↔	25,711,638	\$ 24,230,778	\$ 23,662,766	\$ 22,913,418	\$ 21,822,407	\$ 21,806,295
net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		(15.46)%	(11.11)%	(4.76)%	6.87%	(69.15)%	(74.91)%
Plan inductary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%
		Sche	Schedule of Contributions	SIIS			
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	↔	2,334,477	\$ 2,730,576	\$ 2,374,616	\$ 2,773,276	\$ 3,038,328	\$ 3,825,468
contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(2,334,477)	(2,730,576)	(2,374,616)	(2,773,276)	(3,038,328)	(3,825,468)
Contribution excess	↔		φ.	φ	φ.	φ.	σ
School District's covered payroll	မာ	26,346,502	\$ 25,711,638	\$ 24,230,778	\$ 23,662,766	\$ 22,913,418	\$ 21,822,407
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.86%	10.62%	%08.6	11.72%	13.26%	17.53%

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

(2) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

(3) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 8.0% to 7.5% effective with the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

(4) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.2% effective with the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

(5) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.25% to 7.1% effective with the June 30, 2019 measurement date.

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Required Supplementary Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

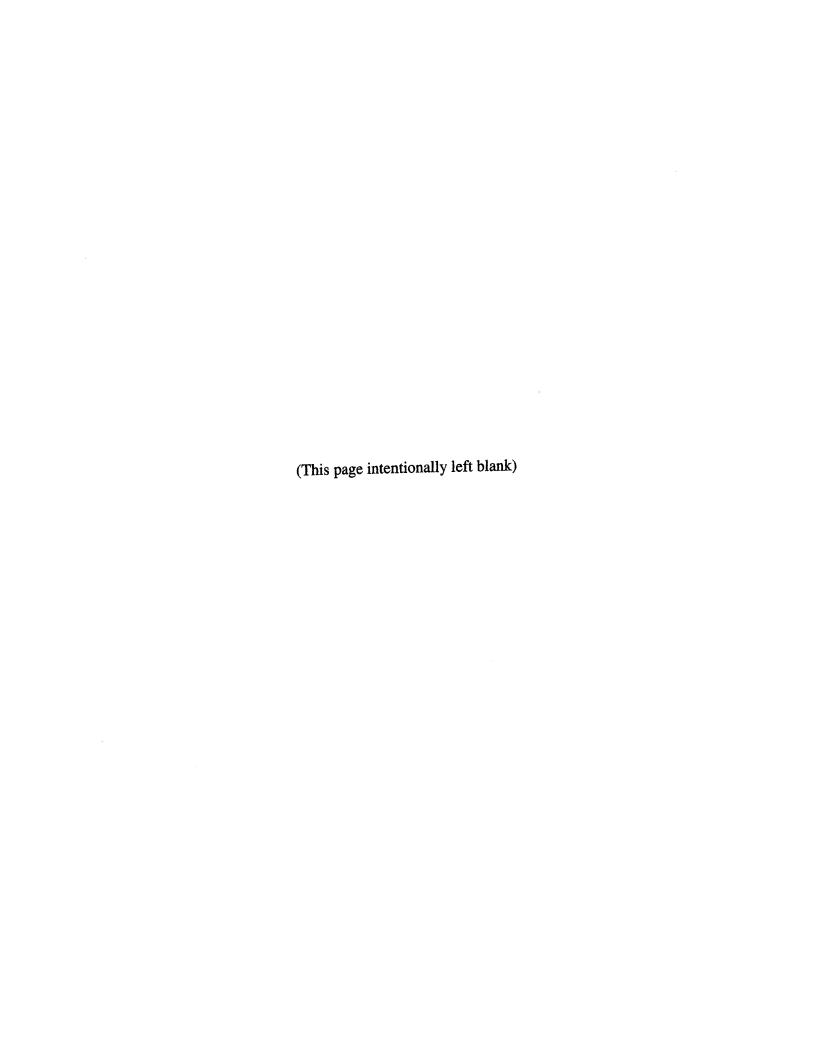
Schedule	of the Sc	Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (2)	Propo	ortionate Sha	re of t	he Net Pens	ion I	iability (2)					
		2020 (4)		2019		2018		2017		2016 (3)		2015	
School District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0153341%		0.0170137%	Ö.	0.0163977%		0.0160599%	Ö	0.0166573%		0.0169164%	
scriool District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	မှာ	4,060,546	εs	1,205,474	₩	529,226	₩	1,509,028	₩	2,673,536	₩	571,476	
School District's covered payroll	₩	5,715,999	↔	5,627,506	€	5,584,936	↔	5,383,807	↔	5,103,772	₩	5,015,002	
net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		71.04%		21.42%		9.48%		28.03%		52.38%		11.40%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%		90.70%		97.90%	
		Sch	edule	Schedule of Contributions	ons		l						
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution	↔	822,505	↔	827,184	↔	813,490	↔	804,070	↔	857,136	↔	1,043,197	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(822,505)		(827,184)		(813,490)		(804,070)		(857,136)		(1,043,197)	
Contribution excess	σ	1	↔	1	↔	•	₩	•	↔	t	↔	ı	
School District's covered payroll	υ	5,752,675	↔	5,606,754	€	5,631,406	₩	5,085,715	မှာ	5,139,096	ω	5,021,349	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.30%		14.75%		14.45%		15.81%		16.68%		20.78%	

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

⁽²⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

(3) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

(4) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

		2020		2019
ASSETS	Φ	46 404 007	¢.	12 462 714
Cash and equivalents	<u>\$</u>	16,181,207	<u>\$</u>	13,463,714
Receivables				
Accounts		8,532		72,915
State and Federal aid		616,324		732,071
Due from other governments		100,000		110,055
Due from other funds		1,336,404		1,125,015
		2,061,260		2,040,056
Prepaid expenditures		385		605,250
		40.040.050	Φ.	40 400 000
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	18,242,852	<u>\$</u>	16,109,020
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	499,033	\$	120,328
Accrued liabilities		680,289		299,433
Due to other governments		132,286		103,663
Unearned revenues		33,137		21,593
Due to retirement systems		2,751,493		3,108,069
Total Liabilities	-	4,096,238		3,653,086
Fund balance				
Nonspendable		385		605,250
Restricted		8,552,631		7,512,072
Assigned		3,054,562		1,883,491
Unassigned		2,539,036		2,455,121
Total Fund Balance		14,146,614		12,455,934
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	18,242,852	\$	16,109,020

General Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended June 30,

Todio Eridod odino odi					
			2020		
					Variance with
		 . ,		C. a walaw	Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Positive (Negative)
DEVENUES.	Budget	Budget	Actual	ances	(ivegative)
REVENUES	\$ 51,942,903	\$ 51,942,903	\$ 51,942,903	\$	\$ -
Real property taxes Other tax items	1,795,867	1,795,867	1,795,867	Ψ	-
Non-property taxes	390,000	390,000	556,694		166,694
Charges for services	591,688	591,688	1,026,092		434,404
Use of money and property	138,500	138,500	317,137		178,637
Interfund revenues	4,500	4,500	4,500		-
State aid	4,531,130	4,531,130	4,378,532		(152,598)
Miscellaneous	190,333	254,767	232,428		(22,339)
Total Revenues	59,584,921	59,649,355	60,254,153		604,798
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General support					
Board of education	66,214	65,520	44,484	719	20,317
Central administration	398,160	429,682	409,749	14,320	5,613
Finance	1,026,507	1,095,146	1,009,194	54,705	31,247
Staff	267,339	501,986	277,433	183,158	41,395
Central services	5,146,032	4,934,378	4,015,705	719,185	199,488
Special items	852,122	1,042,429	696,371	-	346,058
Total General Support	7,756,374	8,069,141	6,452,936	972,087	644,118
Instruction					
Instruction, administration and					
improvement	2,155,690	2,305,093	2,231,082	1,629	72,382
Teaching - Regular school	20,325,415	19,057,078	18,447,282	24,882	584,914
Programs for students				0.005	040 447
with disabilities	7,729,944	8,638,200	8,285,258	3,825	349,117
Instructional media	2,110,444	2,250,025	2,128,748	63,170	58,107
Pupil services	3,522,509	3,583,180	3,342,145	14,126	226,909
Total Instruction	35,844,002	35,833,576	34,434,515	107,632	1,291,429
Pupil transportation	1,048,302	1,079,402	881,600	4,843	192,959
Employee benefits	14,166,203	14,075,103	13,498,297	_	576,806
Total Expenditures	58,814,881	59,057,222	55,267,348	1,084,562	2,705,312
Excess (Deficiency) of				// pa / ma=\	0.040.440
Revenues Over Expenditures	770,040	592,133	4,986,805	(1,084,562)	3,310,110
OTHER FINANCING USES					540
Transfers out	(3,281,643)	(3,296,643)	(3,296,125)		518
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,511,603)	(2,704,510)	1,690,680	\$ (1,084,562)	\$ 3,310,628
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of Year	2,511,603	2,704,510	12,455,934		
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,146,614		

See independent auditors' report.

		2019		
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ 49,460,058 2,515,244 390,000 556,688 98,500 4,500 4,556,335 190,333	\$ 49,460,058 2,515,244 390,000 556,688 98,500 4,500 4,556,335 362,049 57,943,374	\$ 49,460,058 2,515,244 440,221 782,224 389,786 4,500 4,571,279 383,053 58,546,365	\$	\$ - 50,221 225,536 291,286 - 14,944 21,004 602,991
75,474 384,688 967,474 267,203 4,927,719 817,716	75,774 392,008 997,993 257,003 5,016,673 1,187,489	47,097 383,873 946,563 209,871 4,277,894 884,039	210 - 23,000 2,625 631,997	28,467 8,135 28,430 44,507 106,782 303,450
 7,440,274	7,926,940	6,749,337	657,832	519,771
1,969,540 20,672,162	1,929,768 19,820,755	1,870,086 19,278,925	697 50,533	58,985 491,297
6,407,512 2,016,768 3,520,292	7,314,369 2,069,563 3,532,968	7,030,598 2,010,091 3,386,554	2,098 4,732 2,599	281,673 54,740 143,815
 34,586,274	34,667,423	33,576,254	60,659	1,030,510
930,158 13,934,079	964,660 13,916,251	913,894 13,308,158		50,766 608,093
56,890,785	57,475,274	54,547,643	718,491	2,209,140
880,873	468,100	3,998,722	(718,491)	2,812,131
(3,020,035)	(3,020,035)	(3,007,504)		12,531
(2,139,162)	(2,551,935)	991,218	\$ (718,491)	\$ 2,824,662
 2,139,162	2,551,935	11,464,716		
\$ _	\$	\$ 12,455,934		

Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2020 **General Fund**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 51,942,903	\$ 51,942,903	\$ 51,942,903	↔
OTHER TAX ITEMS School tax relief reimbursement	1,795,867	1,795,867	1,795,867	1
NON-PROPERTY TAXES Non-property tax distribution from County	390,000	390,000	556,694	166,694
CHARGES FOR SERVICES Day school tuition from individuals Day school tuition - Other districts Other services for other districts and other governments	300,000 186,688 105,000	300,000 186,688 105,000	490,549 388,941 146,602	190,549 202,253 41,602
	591,688	591,688	1,026,092	434,404
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Earnings on investments Rental of real property - Individuals	100,000	100,000	279,735 37,402	179,735 (1,098)
	138,500	138,500	317,137	178,637
INTERFUND REVENUES	4,500	4,500	4,500	1
STATE AID	0 000	0000		
basic formula Lottery aid	5,027,948	3,027,948 586,087	2,934,699 584,214	(93,249) (1,873)
BOCES aid	743,965	743,965	686,832	(57,133)
Textbook aid	119,005	119,005	118,714	(291)
Computer software aid	41,362	41,362	41,323	(38)
Library loan program	12,763	12,763	12,750	(13)
	4,531,130	4,531,130	4,378,532	(152,598)

Refund for BOCES aided services Refund of prior year's expenditures Gifts and donations Other

TOTAL REVENUES

(733) 5,544 40 (27,190)	(22,339)	604,798
		8
34,267 42,544 43,677 111,940	232,428	60,254,153
1		↔
35,000 37,000 43,637 139,130	254,767	59,649,355
		↔
35,000 37,000 38,333 80,000	190,333	59,584,921
		↔

Edgemont Union Free School District, New York

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year Ended June 30, 2020										
									Variar Final	Variance with Final Budget
	0 11	Original Budget	Ш	Final Budget	Actual		Encumbr- ances	<u>ا</u>	S P	Positive (Negative)
GENERAL SUPPORT										
BOARD OF EDUCATION Board of education District meeting	€	46,504 19,710	€	46,810 18,710	\$ 40	40,345 4,139	₩	- 213	€	6,465 13,852
Total Board of Education		66,214		65,520	44	44,484	•	719		20,317
CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION Chief school administrator		398,160		429,682	409	409,749	44	14,320		5,613
FINANCE Business administration Auditing Treasurer		901,144 110,000 15,363		954,116 125,000 16,030	920	920,759 72,405 16,030	49,	5,405		27,952 3,295
Total Finance		1,026,507		1,095,146	1,009	1,009,194	54,	54,705		31,247
STAFF Legal Public information and services		230,214		185,514 316,472	149	149,064 128,369	183,158	158		36,450 4,945
Total Staff		267,339		501,986	277	277,433	183,158	158		41,395
CENTRAL SERVICES Operation and maintenance of plant Central printing and mailing		5,126,292		4,914,638	3,997,541 18,164	97,541 18,164	719,185	185		197,912
Total Central Services		5,146,032		4,934,378	4,015	4,015,705	719,185	185		199,488

29,760 16,298 300,000	346,058	644,118			15,671 28,811	27,900	72,382	584,914	349,117	24,422	58,107	1,155	10,727	1,298	117,319	61,310	226,909	1,291,429
1 1 1 1		972,087			1,629	1	1,629	24,882	3,825	2,042 61,128	63,170	ı	. 0) I	•	14,116	14,126	107,632
167,640 41,307 192,907 294,517	696,371	6,452,936			455,283 1,775,699	100	2,231,082	18,447,282	8,285,258	693,302 1,435,446	2,128,748	72,340	340 651	823,912	354,919	892,140	3,342,145	34,434,515
197,400 57,605 492,907 294,517	1,042,429	8,069,141			470,954 1,806,139	28,000	2,305,093	19,057,078	8,638,200	719,766 1,530,259	2,250,025	73,495	369 761	825,210	472,238	967,566	3,583,180	35,833,576
200,000 58,000 300,000 294,122	852,122	7,756,374			380,673 1,747,017	28,000	2,155,690	20,325,415	7,729,944	639,981 1,470,463	2,110,444	73,495	832, 148 422 699	811,810	422,508	939,849	3,522,509	35,844,002
SPECIAL ITEMS Unallocated insurance Assessments on school property Refunds of real property taxes Administrative charge - BOCES	Total Special Items	Total General Support	INSTRUCTION	INSTRUCTION, ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT	Curriculum development and supervision Supervision - Regular school	In-service training and instruction	Total Instruction, Administration and Improvement	TEACHING - REGULAR SCHOOL	PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES	INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA School library and audiovisual Computer assisted instruction	Total Instructional Media	PUPIL SERVICES Attendance - Regular school	Culdance - Regular school Health services - Regular school	Psychological services - Regular school	Co-curricular activities - Regular school	Interscholastic athletics - Regular school	Total Pupil Services	Total Instruction

(Continued)

Edgemont Union Free School District, New York

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

									Var	Variance with
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	읍 "	Encumbr- ances		Final Budget Positive (Negative)
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION District transportation services Contract transportation Transportation from BOCES	↔	43,500 934,802 70,000	↔	44,500 934,802 100,100	∨	35,434 746,066 100,100	₩	4,843	€9	9,066
Total Pupil Transportation	ļ	1,048,302		1,079,402		881,600		4,843	- American	192,959
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS State retirement		848,112		848,112		830,663		ı		17,449
leachers' retirement Social security		2,572,305		2,572,305		2,309,714 2,392,405		1 1		262,591 145 106
Life insurance		13,199		13,199		11,667		•		1,532
Hospital, medical and dental insurance		7,118,507		7,057,507		7,032,570		1		24,937
Workers' compensation benefits Unemployment benefits		284,001		284,001		249,289		1 1		34,712 17,829
Disability insurance		8,100		3,842		3,596		1		246
Union welfare benefits		724,468		728,726		656,322				72,404
Total Employee Benefits	-	14,166,203		14,075,103		13,498,297	-	**		576,806
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		58,814,881		59,057,222		55,267,348		1,084,562		2,705,312
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out Special Aid Fund Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund		55,000 700,000 2,526,643		70,000 700,000 2,526,643		69,483 700,000 2,526,642	}	1 1 1		512
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		3,281,643		3,296,643		3,296,125		•		518
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	••	62,096,524	↔	62,353,865	↔	58,563,473	€	1,084,562	8	2,705,830
-										

See independent auditors' report.

Special Aid Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

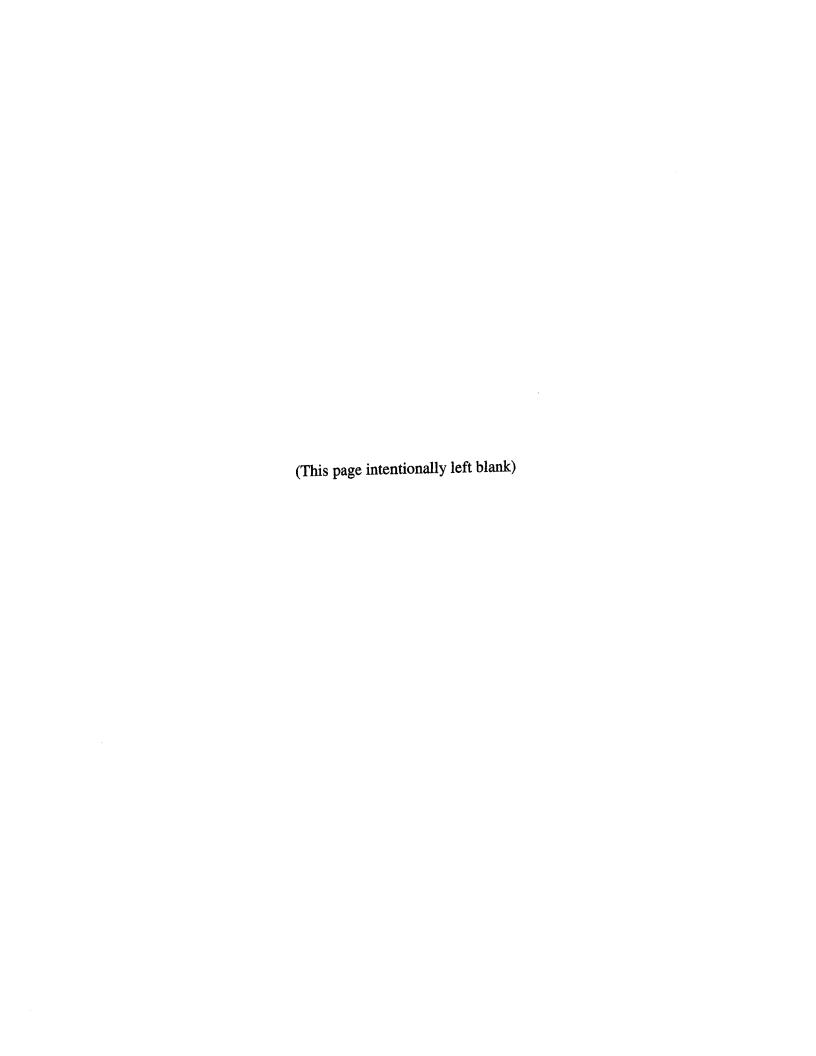
		2020		2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	480,444	\$	390,901
State and Federal aid receivable		837,861		721,259
Total Assets	\$	1,318,305	\$	1,112,160
LIABILITIES	_		•	
Accounts payable	\$	5,000	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		5,888		15,188
Due to other funds		1,305,417		1,096,972
Unearned revenues		2,000		-
Total Liabilities	\$	1,318,305	\$	1,112,160

Special Aid Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

	 2020		2019
REVENUES State aid Federal aid	\$ 277,953 461,020	\$	169,878 450,448
Total Revenues	738,973		620,326
EXPENDITURES			
Current Instruction	 808,456		662,795
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(69,483)		(42,469)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	 69,483	-	42,469
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year			
End of Year	\$ _	\$	

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

		2020	 2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	880,448	\$ 1,036,532
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities			
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	28,173 2,219	\$ 81,639
Total Liabilities		30,392	81,639
Fund balance Restricted	···	850,056	954,893
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	880,448	\$ 1,036,532



Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

	 2020	2019
REVENUES State aid	\$ -	\$ 43,626
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	 804,837	993,200
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(804,837)	(949,574)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	 700,000	450,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(104,837)	(499,574)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	 954,893	 1,454,467
End of Year	\$ 850,056	\$ 954,893

Capital Projects Fund
Project Length Schedule
Inception of Project Through June 30, 2020

		Expenditures and Transfers to Date					
Project	Authorization	Prior Year	Current Year	Total			
District-Wide Improvements Bonded Projects	\$ 12,800,000	\$ 12,642,250	\$ -	\$ 12,642,250			
Various District-Wide Improvements	1,428,923	344,568	562,715	907,283			
Seely Place Lavatories Phase II	412,788		242,122	242,122			
	\$ 14,641,711	\$ 12,986,818	\$ 804,837	\$ 13,791,655			

		M	ethods of Financ	ing	Fund Balance at
	expended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	Transfers In	Total	 June 30, 2020
\$	157,750	\$ 12,800,000	\$ -	\$ 12,800,000	\$ 157,750
	521,640	-	1,428,923	1,428,923	521,640
N-	170,666	_	412,788	412,788	 170,666
\$	850,056	\$ 12,800,000	\$ 1,841,711	\$ 14,641,711	\$ 850,056

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for 2019)

	School Lunch	Special Purpose		Debt Service
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 25,779	\$ 449,427	\$_	537,186
Receivables Accounts	-	-		
Due from other funds	 	 		47_
	 	 _		47
Prepaid expenditures	 	 _		24,315
Total Assets	\$ 25,779	\$ 449,427	\$	561,548
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ - 4,500	\$ 1,307 	\$	- 24,315
Total Liabilities	 4,500	 1,307		24,315
Fund balances Nonspendable		_		24,315
Restricted Assigned	- 21,279	448,120 -		512,918 -
Total Fund Balances	21,279	448,120		537,233
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 25,779	\$ 449,427	\$	561,548

Total No Governme	-
2020	2019
\$ 1,012,392	\$ 1,031,172
- 47	203
47	203
24,315	 23,543
\$ 1,036,754	\$ 1,054,918
\$ 1,307 28,815	\$ 1,445 28,043
 30,122	29,488
24,315 961,038 21,279	23,543 960,858 41,029
1,006,632	1,025,430
\$ 1,036,754	\$ 1,054,918

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for 2019)

		School Lunch		Special Purpose		Debt Service
REVENUES		400	•	005	Φ.	4.750
Use of money and property	\$	198	\$	965	\$	4,758
Federal aid		2,099		-		-
Food sales		315,862		539,913		_
Miscellaneous		-		559,915		
Total Revenues		318,159		540,878		4,758
EXPENDITURES						
Current		007.000				
Cost of food sales		337,909		- E44 C02		-
Other		-		544,683		-
Debt service						2,076,739
Principal		<u>-</u>				449,904
Interest						110,001
Total Expenditures		337,909		544,683		2,526,643
Deficiency of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(19,750)		(3,805)		(2,521,885)
Over Experiences		(,)		(-,)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in						2,526,642
Net Change in Fund Balances		(19,750)		(3,805)		4,757
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of Year		41,029		451,925		532,476
End of Year	\$	21,279	\$	448,120	\$	537,233
CHU OF TEAL	Ψ	21,213	Ψ	770,120	<u> </u>	

Total No Governme		-
2020	-	2019
\$ 5,921 2,099 315,862 539,913	\$	12,211 2,639 412,682 780,671
 863,795		1,208,203
337,909		445,096
544,683		688,689
2,076,739 449,904		2,001,479 513,556
3,409,235		3,648,820
(2,545,440)		(2,440,617)
2,526,642		2,515,035
(18,798)		74,418
 1,025,430		951,012
\$ 1,006,632	\$	1,025,430

School Lunch Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	,	2020	 2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	25,779 <u>-</u>	\$ 45,326 203
Total Assets	\$	25,779	\$ 45,529
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Due to other funds	\$	4,500	\$ 4,500
Fund balance Assigned		21,279	 41,029
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	25,779	\$ 45,529

School Lunch Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

	 2020		2019	
REVENUES Use of money and property Federal aid Food sales	\$ 198 2,099 315,862	\$	232 2,639 412,682	
Miscellaneous	 -		6,725	
Total Revenues	318,159		422,278	
EXPENDITURES Current				
Cost of food sales	 337,909		445,096	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(19,750)		(22,818)	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	 41,029		63,847	
End of Year	\$ 21,279	\$	41,029	

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2020		2019	
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	449,427	\$	453,370
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	1,307	\$	1,445
Fund balance Restricted		448,120		451,925
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	449,427	\$	453,370

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	2020		2019	
REVENUES Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	965 539,913	\$	961 773,946
Total Revenues		540,878		774,907
EXPENDITURES Current Other		544,683		688,689
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(3,805)		86,218
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		451,925		365,707
End of Year	\$	448,120	\$	451,925



Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	 2020	 2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures	\$ 537,186 47 24,315	\$ 532,476 - 23,543
Total Assets	\$ 561,548	\$ 556,019
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 24,315	\$ 23,543
Fund balance Nonspendable Restricted	 24,315 512,918	 23,543 508,933
Total Fund Balance	 537,233	 532,476
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 561,548	\$ 556,019

Debt Service Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended June 30,

	2020									
REVENUES	Original Budget		Final Budget Actual						Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
Use of money and property	\$		\$	-	\$	4,758	\$	4,758		
EXPENDITURES Debt service Principal										
Serial bonds	1,850	•	•	0,000		1,850,000		-		
Energy performance contract	226	,739_	22	6,739		226,739	····	_		
	2,076	,739	2,07	6,739		2,076,739		_		
Interest Serial bonds Energy performance contract		,813 ,091		1,813 8,091		391,813 58,091		-		
	449	,904_	44	9,904		449,904		-		
Total Expenditures	2,526	,643_	2,52	6,643		2,526,643		_		
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,526	,643)	(2,52	6,643)		(2,521,885)		4,758		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	2,526	,643	2,52	6,643		2,526,642		(1)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		_		4,757		4,757		
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year						532,476		532,476		
End of Year	\$		\$	_	\$	537,233	\$	537,233		

	2	019	
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,018	\$ 11,018
1,790,000 211,479	1,790,000 211,479	1,790,000 211,479	<u>-</u>
2,001,479	2,001,479	2,001,479	_
449,262 64,294	449,262 64,294	449,262 64,294	_
513,556	513,556	513,556	_
2,515,035	2,515,035	2,515,035	
(2,515,035)	(2,515,035)	(2,504,017)	11,018
2,515,035	2,515,035	2,515,035	_
-	-	11,018	11,018
		521,458	521,458
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 532,476	\$ 532,476

General Fund

Analysis of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget Year Ended June 30, 2020		
Adopted Budget		\$ 61,378,033
Additions - Encumbrances		 718,491
Original Budget		62,096,524
Additions - Budget revisions		 257,341
Final Budget		\$ 62,353,865
General Fund Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation		
2020-21 Expenditure Budget		\$ 63,677,081
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Unrestricted fund balance		
Assigned fund balance	3,054,562	
Unassigned fund balance	2,539,036	
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	5,593,598	
Less Appropriated for subsequent year's budget Encumbrances	1,000,000 1,084,562	
Total Adjustments	2,084,562	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 3,509,036
Actual Percentage		 5.51%

Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets Year Ended June 30, 2020

Capital Assets, net		\$ 40,638,166
Plus Unamortized portion of loss on refunding bonds Unexpended debt proceeds	63,322 157,750	221,072
Less General obligation bonds payable Energy performance contract payable Unamortized portion of issuance premium on refunding bonds	(13,360,000) (1,921,194) (207,693)	(15,488,887)
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 25,370,351